



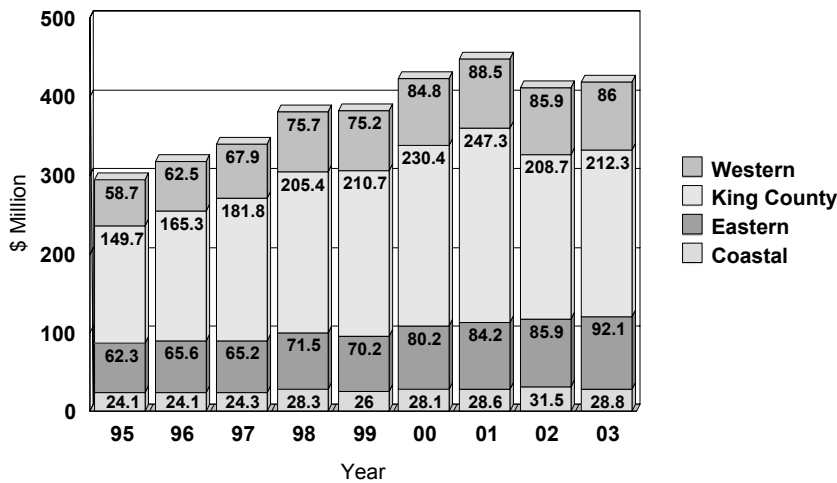
STATE OF WASHINGTON
DEPARTMENT OF COMMUNITY,
TRADE AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT

Washington State Room Sales Report

Spring 2003

Martha Choe
Director

Spring Room Sales by Region
(\$ Millions)



Western Region
includes Clark, Cowlitz, Island, Lewis, Pierce, San Juan, Skagit, Skamania, Snohomish, Thurston, and Whatcom counties.

Coastal Region
includes Clallum, Grays Harbor, Jefferson, Kitsap, Mason, Pacific, and Wahkiakum counties.

Eastern Region
includes all other counties except King.

Spring season
includes March, April, May, and June.

A 2 percent local option tax is levied on rentals of hotel/motel rooms and commercial campsites for 30 days or less. The tax is levied in most areas of the state of Washington. The state collects the tax and then distributes it back to the cities and counties where it was levied.

The tax revenues may be used for a variety of tourism-related activities.

(See *Washington State Lodging Tax Report*, prepared by Dean Runyan Associates for the Office of Economic Trade and Development.)

The room sales estimates provided in this report are estimated from these 2 percent "state-shared" local option tax receipts (\$1,000 of tax revenues is equivalent to \$50,000 of room sales).

Spring Room Sales in \$ Millions

Year	Coastal Region	Eastern Region	King County	Western Region	State Total
1995	24.1	62.3	149.7	58.7	294.9
1996	24.1	65.6	165.3	62.5	317.5
1997	24.3	65.2	181.8	67.9	339.2
1998	28.3	71.5	205.4	75.7	380.9
1999	26.0	70.2	210.7	75.2	382.1
2000	28.1	80.2	230.4	84.8	423.5
2001	28.6	84.2	247.3	88.5	448.5
2002	31.5	85.9	208.7	85.9	412.0
2003	28.8	92.1	212.3	86.0	419.2
Annual Percentage Change					
95-03	2.2	5.0	4.5	4.9	4.5
02-03	-8.7	7.2	1.7	0.1	1.8

Note: All Room Sales estimates in this report supersede those previously published.

Room Sales by Season

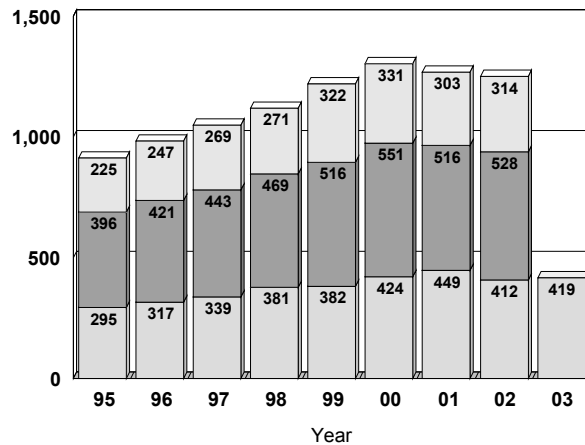
\$ Millions

Winter (November, December, & January, February of following year)

Summer-Fall (July, August, September & October)

Spring (March, April, May & June)

□ Winter
 ■ Summer-Fall
 □ Spring

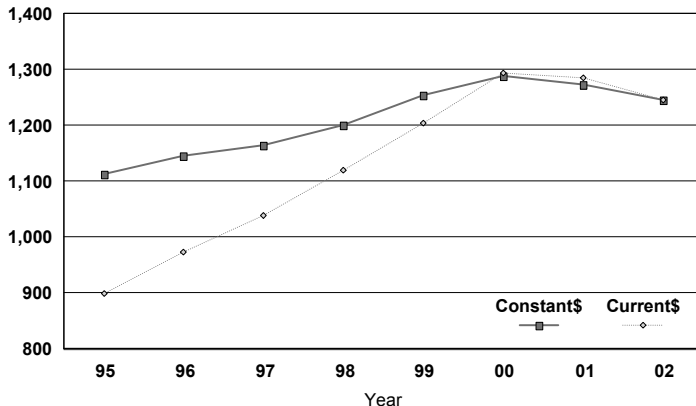


The state-shared 2 percent local option tax is credited against the state's 6.5 percent retail sales tax. Therefore, consumers do not bear the burden of the state-shared tax. Local governments within Washington are also eligible to levy an additional hotel/motel tax of up to 4 percent (not reported in this document). Up to one-half of the additional taxes can be credited against the state sales tax.

Estimates of room sales from hotel/motel tax receipts do not necessarily reflect changes in visitor volume. The volume (room-nights) is also affected by changes in room rates, which are a function of the demand and supply of rooms, as well as inflation. As indicated in the graph below, room sales in real dollars declined from 2000 to 2001 after five years of growth.

**Washington State Annual Room Sales
 Constant and Current Dollars**

\$ Millions



The state-shared 2 percent tax distributions used in this report to estimate room sales were provided by the Washington State Department of Revenue. This data, as well as the distributions of Additional Hotel/Motel taxes, is reported on a monthly basis for cities and counties on the Department's web site (<http://dor.wa.gov>). Users of this report may also wish to refer to other reports prepared by Dean Runyan Associates for the Office of Economic Trade and Development.